ST SERIES

INFRA-RED TUBE HEATER

OPERATION, INSTALLATION, MAINTENANCE AND PARTS MANUAL



WARNING

Improper installation, adjustment, alteration, service or maintenance can cause property damage, injury or death. Read the installation, operating and maintenance instructions thoroughly before installing or servicing this equipment.

FOR YOUR SAFETY!

- IF YOU SMELL GAS:
- 1. Open windows.
- 2. Do not touch electrical switches.
- 3. Extinguish any open flame.
- 4. Immediately call your gas supplier.

CONSIGNES DE SÉCURITÉ !

- SI VOUS SENTEZ UNE ODEUR DE GAZ:
- 1. Ouvrez les fenêtres.
- 2. Ne touchez pas aux interrupteurs électriques.
- 3. Éteignez toute flamme nue.
- 4. Contactez immédiatement votre compagnie de gaz.

Do not store or use gasoline or flammable vapours and liquids in the vicinity of this or any other appliance. Il est interdit d'utiliser des liquides inflammables ou dégageant des vapeurs infammables, à proximité de tout appariel fonctionnant au gaz. FORWARD



WARNING THIS HEATER MUST BE INSTALLED AND SERVICED BY TRAINED GAS INSTALLATION AND SERVICE PERSONNEL ONLY. READ AND UNDERSTAND

THESE INSTRUCTIONS THOROUGHLY BEFORE ATTEMPTING TO INSTALL, OPERATE OR SERVICE THIS HEATER. FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH THESE WARNINGS AND INSTRUCTIONS, AND THOSE ON THE HEATER, COULD RESULT IN PERSONAL INJURY, DEATH, FIRE, ASPHYXIATION, AND/OR PROPERTY DAMAGE. RETAIN THESE INSTRUCTIONS FOR FUTURE REFERENCE.

Approval Standards and Certifications



Brant Radiant Heaters Limited heaters are design certified by the CSA International and comply with the National Standards of Canada.

[™]Trade-mark of Canadian Standards Association

CAUTION

ANY ALTERATION OF THIS SYSTEM OR OF THE FACTORY-AUTHORIZED COMPONENTS AS SPECIFIED IN THIS MANUAL OR BY BRANT RADIANT HEATERS LIMITED VOIDS ALL CERTIFICATIONS AND WARRANTIES.

Brant Radiant Heaters Limited P.O. Box 395, 34 Scott Avenue - Paris, Ontario N3L 3T5 - Telephone: (519) 442-7823 Fax: (519) 442-7321 - Customer Service: 1-800-387-4778 www.brantradiant.com

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1 SAFETY INFORMATION



NOT FOR RESIDENTIAL USE

Do not use in the home, sleeping quarters, attached garages, etc.



This is not an explosion-proof heater. Where there is the possibility of exposure to flammable vapors, consult the local fire marshal, the fire insurance carrier or other authorities for approval of the proposed installation.

This infra-red heater is designed for use in industrial and commercial buildings such as warehouses, manufacturing plants, aircraft hangars, service garages, etc.

Brant Radiant Heaters Limited cannot anticipate every use which may be made of their heaters. Check with your local gas supplier if you have questions about local regulations.

The following information should be reviewed before installing this heater:

- * Check the CSA rating label on the heater to verify the minimum clearances to combustibles and the proper gas to be used.
- * The installation of this heater must conform with local building codes or, in the absence of local codes, with the current CAN/CSA B149.1 and 2 Codes and with the Canadian Electrical Code C22.1-latest edition.
- * In public garages the heaters must be installed in accordance with the Canadian Electrical Code C22.1latest edition when an external electrical source is utilized.
- * This is not an explosion-proof heater. Where there is the possibility of exposure to flammable vapors, consult local fire marshall or other authorities for approval of the proposed installation.
- * In aircraft hangars, the heater must be installed at least ten feet (3 m) above the upper surface of wings or engine enclosures of the highest aircraft which may be stored in the hangar. In areas adjoining the aircraft storage area, the heaters must not be installed less than eight feet (2.4 m) above the floor. Also, the heaters must be located to prevent damage to the sections of the aircraft, cranes, scaffolds, or other movable objects.
- * Under no circumstances is either the gas supply line or the electrical supply line to the heater to provide any assistance in the suspension of the heater.
- * The weight of the heater must be entirely suspended from a permanent part of the building structure having adequate load characteristics.
- * Neither the gas supply line, electrical supply line nor sprinkler heads shall be located in or near the path of the flue products from the heater.
- * If wind conditions in the space are such that visible swaying of the heater is apparent, the control box must be rigidly mounted.
- * If chlorinated or fluorinated contaminants are present in the area where the heater is installed, then noncontaminated air for combustion must be ducted to the heater. Sources of contaminants are refrigerants, solvents, adhesives, paints, degreasers, paint removers, lubricants, pesticides, etc.
- * If vaporized solvents are allowed to contact the heater's HOT exchanger tube, noxious fumes may result. Chemicals must be properly stored, per manufacturers instructions. Ventilation requirements, as outlined by local codes, must be maintained.
- * Signs should be posted in storage areas to specify maximum stacking height allowed in order to maintain clearance to combustibles.



Failure to comply with the stated clearance to combustibles could result in personal injury, death and/or property damage.



This heater should be installed so that the minimum clearances to vehicles, as marked on the heater, will be maintained. If vehicles lifts are present, ensure that these clearances will be maintained from the highest raised vehicle.

For the safe installation of this heater, the following table contains clearances that must be maintained:



1 SAFETY INFORMATION

The clearance-to-combustible measurements represent an alcove or clearance box with vertical and horizontal planes. See figure 1.1.

Example: ST-40-150 clearances as stated at 0° mounting- Top 6" or 15.2cm Side 24" or 61cm Below 81" or 205.7cm

Note: Combustible material MUST NOT be placed within the confines of the clearance box. Observe all WARNINGS listed in installation instructions and stated on heater control box.



2.1 Design Criteria

Perimeter mounting of these infra-red heaters provides for the most efficient installation. In figure 2.1.1, the heaters are mounted at the perimeter of the space to be heated. Refer to the Heater Installation Chart for the recommended distances on the models being installed. Buildings that require the rows of heaters to be farther apart than the recommended distance in the chart may need additional heaters placed in the center of the space.

HEATER INSTALLATION CHART														
MODEL NO.	TYP MOUI HEI	PICAL NTING GHT)	DIST BETY HEA DIN	ANCE WEEN TERS I "A"	DIST BETV HEATE DIM	ANCE WEEN R ROWS I "B"	MAXIMUM DISTANCE BETWEEN HEATER AND WALL DIM "C"							
UNITS	FT.	METERS	FT.	METERS	FT.	METERS	FT.	METERS						
ST (20, 30, 40) 75 (N, P)	12-18	3.7-5.5	12-35	3.7-10.7	15-70	4.6-21.3	20	6.1						
ST~(30,40,50)~100~(N,P)	13-20	4.0-6.1	13-40	4.0-12.2	16-85 4.9-25.9		20	6.1						
ST (40, 50) 125 (N, P)	15-25	4.6-7.6	14-43	4.3-13.1	17-90	5.2 - 27.4	25	7.6						
ST (40, 50, 60) 150 (N, P)	16-30	4.9-9.1	15-45	4.6-13.7	18-100	5.5-30.5	25	7.6						
ST (50, 60) 175 (N, P)	17-35	5.2-10.7	16-50 4.9-15.2		19-110	5.8-33.5	30	9.1						
ST (60, 70) 200 (N, P)	18-40	5.5-12.2	17-55	5.2-16.8	20-120	6.1-36.6	30	9.1						

Note: This chart is provided as a guideline. Actual conditions may dictate variation from this data.



(Î) THERMOSTAT

Figure 2.1.1



When positioning heaters, keep in mind the clearances to combustible materials, lights, sprinkler heads, overhead doors, storage areas with stacked materials, gas and electrical lines, parked vehicles, cranes and any other possible obstructions or hazards. Refer to the Warnings, Cautions and the Clearance-To-Combustibles Chart in the Safety Information Section and on the heater to verify that a safe installation condition exists.

* The stated clearance to combustibles represents a surface temperature of 90 F (32 C) above room temperature. Building materials with a low heat tolerance, such as vinyl (PVC), may be subject to degradation at lower temperatures. It is the installer's responsibility to assure that adjacent materials are not subject to degradation.

The following guidelines must also be met to ensure a good installation and proper heater performance:

- * A maximum of two 45 degree elbows, two 90 degree elbows or one 180 degree elbow can be installed on heaters. The gas input of the heaters, as stated on the rating label, will determine the minimum length of radiant pipe from the control box to the first elbow. (See Optional 45, 90 and 180 degree Elbows section on page 13.)
- * SE and ST Series heater is not recommended in high humidity areas such as car washes due to possible corrosion of plain steel radiant tubes.

NOTE: Flue vent requirements do not change when elbows are installed.

- * Do not exceed the maximum vent length of 20 ft./6.1m for exhausting the heater. Consult Flue Venting, Section 2.8.
- * Do not combine the exhaust vents of two heaters into a straight-through tee. A Part Number BR-YA, BR-YG, or staggered-tee arrangement must be used. Heaters sharing the same vent must share the same thermostat. Common vents must have 6 in./ 15.2cm Diameter (see Figure 2.1.1).

- * Outside air for combustion must be ducted to the heater if the building atmosphere where the heater is installed contains one of the following:
 - Chemicals such as chlorinated or fluorinated hydrocarbons.
 - High humidity such as car washes.
 - Contaminants such as sawdust, welding smoke, etc.
 - Negative static pressure.

Consult Combustion Air Requirements section on page 18.

- * Do not exceed the maximum air intake duct length of 20 ft./6.1m. Consult Air Intake Duct Chart on page 18.
- * Do not draw fresh air to the heater from an attic space. There is no guarantee that adequate air will be supplied. Prevailing winds can create negative or positive pressure in the space.
- * All unvented heaters must use a vent with flapper, Part Number BR-VCF.

Once all of the safety precautions and design criteria are met, the actual installation of the heater may begin.

2.2 Prechecks

- 1. Verify that all parts have been received by checking them against the packing list. If there are questions regarding the shipment, notify the Re-Verber-Ray distributor or Brant Radiant Heaters Limited at Customer Service- 1-800-387-4778.
- 2. Check the CSA rating label located on the heater's control box above the inlet gas supply connection, to verify the model number, gas input and the gas to be used.
- 3. Locate the Clearance-To-Combustibles label affixed to the heater's access panel/cover. Using the heater's model numbers, as displayed on the rating label, make sure the finished installation will conform to the design requirements listed on the label and the Clearance-To-Combustibles Chart and the figures shown on page 3.
- 4. Heaters may discharge the combustion-byproducts directly into the heated space when the conditions in section 2.9 Installation for Unvented operation have been met.





TYPICAL INSTALLATION DRAWING



MODEL	DIME "A	NSION A"	SUSPENSION	CONTROL BOX				
NUMBER	IN.	Μ	POINTS "B"	STABILIZER "C"				
ST 20	259	6.6	3	2				
ST 30	375	9.5	4	2				
ST 40	491	12.5	5	2				
ST 50	607	15.4	6	2				
ST 60	723	18.4	7	2				
ST 70	839	21.3	8	2				



Figure 2.2.2

2.3 Heater Hanging

- 1. The combination tube/reflector suspension hangers (BR-HGR), shipped in the parts box located in the heater control box carton shall be sufficient to support the heater every 10 feet or 3 m. Figure 2.3.1
- 2. Install the heater so that it is independently supported from the building having adequate load characteristics. Do not support the heater by the gas or electrical supply lines.
- 3. The burner box must be installed so that it is level and the burner sight glass visible from the floor. Figure 2.3.2
- 4. The two hangers supporting the first 10 ft. or 3 m tube must be installed near the ends of the tube next to the clamps. It is recommended that the remaining hangers be installed approximately 10 ft. or 3 m apart. Figure 2.3.2
- 5. The suspension chains must be installed so that they are perpendicular to the heater. When mounting reflectors at 0 degrees one chain per hanger is required. When angle mounting the reflector two chains are required or one chain and a BR-MAH. Figure 2.3.3 Optional: BR-MAH- An accessory multiple angle hanger that can be added to preselect the reflector angle at 15, 30 or 45 degrees. Optional: BR-CS - An accessory chain set consisting of 5 ft./1.52m of number 1 double loop chain and 2 "S" hooks.
- 6. Close all "S" hooks to ensure maximum load carrying capacity.
- 7. If wind conditions in the space are such that visible swaying of the heater is apparent, the control box must be rigidly mounted. Threaded rod can be used to stabilize the control box.









Figure 2.3.3

2.4 Tube Assembly

Models with inputs from 50,000 to 125,000 BTUh use highly emissive coated aluminized steel for the combustion tube (first 10ft./3m) and plain steel for the radiant tube. Models with an input of 150,000 to 175,000 BTUh use highly emissive coated aluminized titanium steel for the combustion tube and plain steel for the radiant tube. Models with an input of 200,000 BTUh use highly emissive coated aluminized titanium steel for combustion tube, aluminized steel for the second radiant tube and plain steel for the remaining radiant tubes. An aluminized titanium tube is identified by a bright yellow shipping band and stamped 5AT1 on the full diameter end.

Models 175,000 and 200,000 BTUh use a stainless steel clamp on the second joint. Figure 2.4.1

- 1. Slide tubes through hangers with welded seam downwards and locate tube clamp on tube.
- BURNER CONTROL BOX IRST TUBE /COMBUSTION CHAMBER IS ALUMINUM (TITANIUM 150 - 200) TUBE CLAMP GLD-BAR ВΠХ (STAINLESS STEEL FOR 175 & 200) BAFFLE LAST TUBE FIRST TUBE FLAT SURFACE WELDED SEAM MUST BE POSITIONED CONCAVE DOWNWARD SURFACE CLAMF SEAM

Figure 2.4.1



Figure 2.4.2

- 2. Mate tubes completely then recheck suspension hanger locations and secure. Center clamp on seam and torque clamp bolts to 50 - 60 lbs. - ft. Figure 2.4.1
- 3. STOP: Before final assembly of the last radiant tube verify baffle length, install baffle in the vertical position and complete final assembly. Figure 2.4.2. The Baffle Specification Chart on this page lists baffle lengths by model numbers. Heater model numbers are located on the rating label attached to the heater control box.
- 4. Optional: Exchanger configuration 45, 90, 180 degree. Refer to page 13.

BAFFLE SPECIF	ICATION CHART
MODEL NUMBER	STANDARD BAFFLE SECTIONS
ST-20-75 (N, P)	5
ST-30-75 (N, P)	4
ST-40-75 (N, P)	2
ST-30-100 (N, P)	5
ST-40-100 (N, P)	4
ST-50-100 (N, P)	2
ST-40-125 (N, P)	4
ST-50-125 (N, P)	4
ST-40-150 (N, P)	4
ST-50-150 (N, P)	4
ST-60-150 (N, P)	2
ST-50-175 (N, P)	2
ST-60-175 (N, P)	2
ST-60-200 (N, P)	2
ST-70-200 (N, P)	2

1 SECTION OF BAFFLE = 33" or 83.8cm

- 2.5 Reflector Assembly
- 1. Install reflector intermittent support BR-IH as shown in figure 2.5.1
- 2. Slide reflectors through wire suspension hangers and adjust the reflector positioning spring in the V-groove on top of the reflector. Figure 2.5.2
- 3. Overlap reflectors 4 inches/10.2cm for support and secure together with supplied clips or sheet metal screws. Make sure to leave an expansion joint as shown in Figure 2.5.3.



Figure 2.5.1

- 4. Install clips in their "A" position as shown in Figure 2.5.3 on the first and last suspension hanger. Clips are located right side front and left side back of the wire suspension hanger.
- 5. Optional: Side Shield Installation refer to page 12.



Figure 2.5.2



Figure 2.5.3

2.6 OPTIONAL Side Shield Installation

1. Install side shields as per figure 2.6.1. The clearance to combustibles will be altered when side shields are installed. Refer to safety information on page 3.



Figure 2.6.1

2.7 OPTIONAL

Exchanger "L" or "U" Configuration

A maximum of two 45, 90 degree "L" or one 180 degree "U" bend may be installed to alter the standard radiant tube configuration (see Figure 2.7.1). See the Baffle Specification Chart on page 14 for the minimum distance requirements, listed by model number from the burner control box to an elbow or "U".

- BR-45-E consists of a 45 degree 16 Ga. Swaged elbow, tube clamp and one suspension hanger.
- BR-4EA consists of a 90 degree 16 Ga. Swaged elbow, tube clamp, two piece reflector and one suspension hanger.







Figure 2.7.2

BR-4-UA consists of a 180 degree 16 Ga. Swaged "U", tube clamp, three piece reflector, one suspension hanger, one reflector support and one spreader bar assembly. Figure 2.7.2 Hanging Points Figure 2.7.3 "U" Dimensions Figure 2.7.4 Spreader Bar

IMPORTANT

Baffle lengths may be altered with the addition of elbows or "U" assembly. See BAFFLE SPECIFICATION CHART on page 14 for baffle lengths listed by model number. When utilizing a "U" or "L" bend the exhaust/return leg must be equal to or higher than the burner control box. Reflector runs from burner control to elbow or "U" will require an expansion joint.



Figure 2.7.3







Figure 2.7.5

BAFFLE SPECIFICATION CHART													
MODEL NUMBER	STANDARD BAFFLE SECTIONS	MIN. DISTANCE FROM BURNER TO AN ELBOW OR U FITTING											
ST-20-75 (N, P)	5	4	4	10'	3.0m								
ST-30-75 (N, P)	4	3	3	10'	3.0m								
ST-40-75 (N, P)	2	2	2	10'	3.0m								
ST-30-100 (N, P)	5	4	4	15'	4.6m								
ST-40-100 (N, P)	4	3	3	15'	4.6m								
ST-50-100 (N, P)	2	2	2	15'	4.6m								
ST-40-125 (N, P)	4	3	3	20'	6.1m								
ST-50-125 (N, P)	4	3	3	20'	6.1m								
ST-40-150 (N, P)	4	3	3	20'	6.1m								
ST-50-150 (N, P)	4	3	3	20'	6.1m								
ST-60-150 (N, P)	2	0	0	20'	6.1m								
ST-50-175 (N, P)	2	1	1	25'	7.6m								
ST-60-175 (N, P)	2	1	1	25'	7.6m								
ST-60-200 (N, P)	2	1	1	30'	9.1m								
ST-70-200 (N, P)	2	0	0	30'	9.1m								

ONE BAFFLE SECTION IS APPROX. 33"/83.8cm.

2.8 Flue Venting

The following guidelines must be observed to ensure proper system performance and safety:

- * Check the Natural Gas and Propane Installation Code, CSA B149.1 prior to installing flue stacks. Local codes may vary.
- * The heater is designed to operate with a 4-in./10.2cm diameter 26 ga. minimum exhaust stack.
- * Single-wall galvanized flue pipe or Dura/Connect single wall, flexible connectors must be used. The portion of the flue pipe which goes through combustible material in the building wall or roof must pass through a type "B" vent to maintain clearance (see figure 2.8.1 through 2.8.4).
- * Maximum vent length for all models is 20 ft./6.1m including two 90 degree elbows.
- * The venting system shall terminate at least 3 ft./0.9m above any building opening or any gas regulator.
- * The venting system shall terminate at least 6 ft./1.83m from a combustion air inlet or another appliance and not above a gas utility meter or service regulator. The bottom of the vent terminal shall be located at least 7 ft./2.13m above grade.
- * Uninsulated single-wall metal pipe shall not be used in cold climates for venting gas utilization equipment.
- * The vent terminal of a horizontal venting system must be installed to prevent blockage by snow and protect building materials from degradation by flue gases.
- * Vertical venting should be a minimum of 24 inches /61cm above the roof in an area that prevents snow blockage. See Figure 2.8.1
- * Horizontal venting must maintain a minimum distance from the vent termination to the sidewall. See Figure 2.8.2 through 2.8.4
- * Buildings incorporating vented soffits/overhangs must ensure that the products-of-combustion do not enter the attic space.
- * A common flue of 6 in./15.2cm diameter must be used for double-venting of units. One thermostat must control both units. When common venting is used, flues should be connected so that the byproducts of one heater cannot flow into the adjoining flue of the other heater. A dual-exhaust assembly is available from Brant Radiant Heaters, Part Number BR-YA or BR-RTA (see Figures 2.8.6 through 2.8.8). A Field Controls SK-6 vent cap must be used for sidewall common venting of all models.



Figure 2.8.1



Figure 2.8.2



Figure 2.8.3



Figure 2.8.4

HORIZONTAL VENT TERMINATION										
ST MODELS	APPROVED VENT CAPS									
50,000 thru 175,000	SK-4, SK-6 BR-4VK TF-9									
200,000	SK-4, SK-6 ONLY SK-4VK									



Figure 2.8.5



Figure 2.8.7 DUAL-EXHAUST ASSEMBLY (THROUGH ROOF)

- * Vertical venting may utilize standard "B" vent caps.
- * All vent pipes must be sealed with high temperature sealant and 4 No. 8 sheet metal screws to prevent leakage of flue gas into building.
- * Horizontal flues should be pitched down toward outlet, ¼ in./.64cm per ft. of vent length, to prevent rain from entering the heater (see Figure 2.8.5). Do not pitch heater.
- * Single wall pipe exposed to cold air must be insulated to prevent condensation.









2.9 Installation for Unvented Operation (OPTIONAL)

The heaters are approved for unvented operation when equipped with a factory-supplied end cap/diffuser. Part No. BR-VCF (see Figure 2.9.1). This allows the products of combustion to be discharged from the units into the space being heated.

Ventilation of the space is required to dilute those products of combustion sufficiently. For proper ventilation, it is recommended that a positive air displacement of at least 3.8 cfm per 1000 BTUh of natural gas input be provided. If propane is used, a positive air displacement of at least 4.5 cfm per 1000 BTUh of gas input is recommended. This air displacement may be accomplished by either gravity or mechanical means. Provisions must be made for a sufficiently large fresh-air intake area and exhaust-air outlet area, to accomplish the displacement. Local codes may require that the mechanical exhaust system be interlocked with the electrical supply line to the heaters, enabling both to function simultaneously.



Figure 2.9.1

2.10 Combustion Air Requirements

Combustion air intake has a factory-preset air orifice. If indoor combustion air is to be supplied for a tightly closed room, one square inch of free air opening should be provided for each 5000 BTUh of heater input.

Noncontaminated air for combustion must be ducted to the heater if chlorinated or fluorinated contaminants are present in the area where the heater is installed, or if the building has a negative pressure. Typical sources of these contaminants are refrigerants, solvents, adhesives, degreasers, paint removers, paints, lubricants, pesticides, etc.

Outside combustion air may be provided by an accessory 4 in./10.2cm air duct, and directly attached over the air orifice (see Figure 2.10.1). A BR-VC wall inlet vent cap must be used with horizontal outside air intake ducts.

Do not install filters on combustion air. The intake terminal must be installed to prevent blockage by snow. NOTE: Use insulated duct or PVC pipe to prevent condensation on outer surface. Keep intake opening at least 3 ft. from any exhaust vent openings. For limitations of length and size, see Air Duct Chart.

When vertical roof venting the combustion air intake and exhaust, the exhaust should terminate higher than the intake.

Two 90 degree elbows are included in duct length.

The air intake terminal must be installed at least one foot above grade.

AIR INTAKE DUCT CHART												
MODEL	AIR IN DUCT	NTAKE I SIZE	MAXIMUM INTAKE LENGTH									
	IN.	CM	FT.	М								
ALL	4	10.2	20	6.1								
MODELS	5	12.7	30	9.14								



Figure 2.10.1

2.11 Gas Supply

CORRECT INLET PRESSURES ARE VITAL FOR EFFICIENT OPERATION OF HEATERS. REFER TO CSA RATING PLATE AND, IF NECESSARY, CONSULT GAS COMPANY.

If all or a portion of the gas supply line consists of used pipe, it must be cleaned and then inspected to determine its equivalency to new pipe. Test all main supply lines according to local codes. (Isolate heater gas valve and gas cock during test.)

Excessive torque on manifold may misalign orifice. Always use two wrenches when tightening mating pipe connections.



WARNING

Never use a match or any other flame to test for gas leaks. Use soap-and-water solution to check for leaks.

If any portion of the gas supply line is located in an area that could cause an abnormal amount of condensate to occur in the pipe, a sediment trap should be installed. NOTE: For high-pressure gas above 14 in. W.C. (Water column), a high-pressure regulator and gas cock must be use. If compressed air is used to detect leaks in the gas supply line, disconnect and cap at shutoff cock to avoid damage to regulator and gas valve.

A typical gas supply line connection is illustrated in Figure 2.11.1. The method shown will decrease the possibility of any loose scale or dirt in the supply line entering the heater's control system and causing a malfunction. The gas supply line must be of sufficient size to provide the required capacity and inlet pressure to the heater (consult gas company) as follows:

NOTE: Manifold and inlet pressures should be checked at the tap on the gas valve. Readings will be above atmospheric pressure.

* Natural Gas

To obtain the required manifold pressure of 3.5 in. W.C., a minimum inlet pressure of 5.0 in. W.C. is necessary for purposes of input adjustment. A maximum inlet pressure of 14.0 in. W.C. is allowed for all units.

* Propane Gas

To obtain the required manifold pressure of 10.0 in. W.C., a minimum of 11.0 in. W.C. for purposes of input adjustment to a maximum of 14.0 in. W.C. must be provided ahead of the control system on each heater. Do not exceed a manifold operating pressure of 10 in. W.C. Use only a pipe-joint compound that is resistant to

Use only a pipe-joint compound that is resistant to liquified petroleum gases.

* Pressure Equivalents

 $1\ \text{in.}$ W.C. equals 0.58 oz./sq. in.

2.11A GAS CONNECTION

- * Gas Line Connection
 - a. The gas outlet shall be in the same room as the appliance and the connector must not be concealed within or run through any wall, floor or partition.
 - b. The final assembly shall be tested for leaks. CAUTION: Matches, candles, open flame or other sources of ignition shall not be used for this purpose. Leak test solutions may cause corrosion - water rinse after test.
 - c. Contact with foreign objects or substances shall be avoided.
 - d. The connector shall not be kinked, twisted or torqued as per installation sheet (page 21 and 22).
 - e. If wind conditions in the space are such that visible swaying of the heater is apparent, the control box must be rigidly mounted.
 - f. Connectors are for use only on piping systems having fuel gas pressures not in excess of $\frac{1}{2}$ pound per square inch.

2 INSTALLATION - 1/2" GAS CONNECTION FOR 125,000 btuh OR LESS

1/2" Gas Connection

Supplied 1/2 inch rubber hose is a certified component of the heater and is required on units having inputs of 125,000 btuh or less. Hoses must be installed in a "U" configuration, as defined in the installation diagrams, in order to accommodate heater expansion. All measurements are defined when the heater in its off or cold position.





The "U" bend distance required for gas supply connection to heater connection is 7 inches minimum to 14 inches maximum. Hose connections must be in the <u>vertical position</u>.



Gas line supply connection can be installed a maximum of 9 inches above

heater gas connection.



Hose connections must be installed inline

in the same direction as heater expansion.

Hose connections must be installed <u>inline</u> in the same direction as heater expansion.



Gas line supply connection can be installed a maximum of 9 inches <u>below</u> heater gas connection.



Hose must not be installed with preload on hose connector fittings.



Hose connections must be installed <u>inline</u> in the same direction as heater expansion.



Hose <u>must not</u> be installed with hose connector offset. During operating conditions a rotational loading of hose may occur.



2 INSTALLATION - 3/4" GAS CONNECTION FOR 150,000 btuh OR ABOVE

3/4" Gas Connection

Supplied 30 inch by 3/4 inch diameter rubber hose is a certified component of the heater and is required on units having inputs of 150,000 btuh or greater. Hoses must be installed in a "C" configuration, as defined in the installation diagrams, in order to accommodate heater expansion. All measurements are defined when the heater in its off or cold position.





The "d" bend distance required for gas supply connection to heater connection is 9 inches minimum to 14 inches maximum. Hose connections must be in the <u>vertical position</u>.







Hose connections must be installed inline

in the same direction as heater expansion.

Hose connections must be installed <u>inline</u> in the same direction as heater expansion.



Gas line supply connection can be installed a maximum of 9 inches <u>below</u> heater gas connection.



Hose must not be installed with preload on hose connector fittings.



Hose connections must be installed <u>inline</u> in the same direction as heater expansion.



Hose <u>must not</u> be installed with hose connector offset. During operating conditions a rotational loading of hose may occur.



2.12 Allowance for Expansion

Allowances must be made for the system to expand as detailed in the Heater Expansion Chart on this page. The supplied stainless-steel, flexible gas connector is recommended. If, however, local codes require rigid piping to the heater, a swing joint can be used.

HEATER EXPANSION CHART												
Exchanger length and gas vent ends. Review for prop	input will determine overall expansion. He per flexible gas connector installation.	eaters in a typical installation will ex	pand towards both the burner and									
EXCHANGER LENGT	TH FIXED OR HIGH-FIRE	EXPANSIO	N LENGTH									
FEET / METER	S GAS INPUT BTUh	INCHES	MILLIMETERS									
10 3.1	25,000	1/2	12.7									
15 4.6	32,000	3/4	19.1									
20 6.1	40,000	1	25.4									
20 6.1	50,000	1 1/4	31.8									
20 6.1	60,000	1 1/2	38.1									
20 6.1	75,000	1 3/4	44.5									
20 6.1	100,000	1 7/8	47.6									
30 9.2	50,000	1 1/4	31.8									
30 9.2	60,000	1 1/2	38.1									
30 9.2	75,000	1 3/4	44.5									
30 9.2	100,000	1 7/8	47.6									
30 9.2	125,000	2	50.8									
40 12.2	75,000	1 1/2	38.1									
40 12.2	100,000	1 7/8	47.6									
40 12.2	125,000	2 1/8	54.0									
40 12.2	150,000	2 1/2	63.5									
40 12.2	175,000	2 3/4	69.9									
50 15.3	100,000	2	50.8									
50 15.3	125,000	2 1/8	54.0									
50 15.3	150,000	2 3/8	60.3									
50 15.3	175,000	2 1/2	63.5									
50 15.3	200,000	2 3/4	69.9									
60 18.3	125,000	2 1/2	63.5									
60 18.3	150,000	$2 \ 3/4$	69.9									
60 18.3	175,000	3	76.2									
60 18.3	200,000	3 1/4	82.6									
70 21.4	175,000	3 3/8	85.7									
70 21.4	200,000	3 1/2	88.9									
80 24.4	200,000	3 1/2	88.9									

- 2.13 Electrical Requirements
- 1. Heaters operate on 120 volts, 60 Hz, single phase. The maximum amperage requirement (starting current) is 1.7 amps per heater. The running current is 1.1 amps.
- 2. Heater must be grounded in accordance with the Canadian Electrical Code C22.1 (latest edition).
- 3. Wiring must not be exposed to direct radiant output.

2.14 Thermostat Wiring: One Two-Stage Thermostat and One Two-Stage Series Heater

The Burner box contains a 24 volt transformer that operates the control circuits. The thermostat is part of this circuit. When installing a "snap action" CE-2S or "mercury cell" 1F37-408 thermostat a three wire connection is required.

- 24 volt terminal from the heater to the thermostat terminal (R).
- 1st stage 24 volt from the thermostat (W1) to heater number 1 low.
- 2nd stage 24 volt from the thermostat (W2) to heater number 2 high. See Figure 2.13.1.

When utilizing a thermostat that requires a constant 24 volt power supply such as the HL 201 or other programmable thermostat, a fourth wire will be required. Attach this wire to heater chassis. See Figure 2.13.1.



Figure 2.13.1

2.15 Thermostat Wiring: One Two-Stage Thermostat and Multiple Two-Stage Series Heaters

The Burner box contains a 24 volt transformer that operates the control circuits. When more than one heater is operated with a single thermostat, the 24 volt control circuit of each heater must be isolated. A factory supplied isolation relay HL-RB must be installed. See Figure 2.15.1 for internal wiring. Heaters with factory installed relay boards are labeled "Equipped with HL-RB". See Figure 2.15.2. The thermostat is not part of the burner control circuit, therefore an external (installer-supplied) 24 volt transformer will be required to operate all HL-RB's. Each HL-RB draws .03 amps. All heaters equipped with the HL-RB will use three wires to operate the relays:

- Connect Line 24 volt from installer supplied transformer to thermostat terminal (R).
- Connect common 24 volt from installer supplied transformer to the 24 volt spade on the heater.
- 1st stage 24 volt from the thermostat (W1) to heater number 1 low.
- 2nd stage 24 volt from the thermostat (W2) to heater number 2 high. See Figure 2.15.2.

Wiring from thermostat to heater does not change due to thermostat type. Wiring from external transformer to thermostat may change. Refer to thermostat installation instructions.



Figure 2.15.1



Figure 2.15.2

- 2.16 Lighting Instructions
- 1. Purge main gas supply line at start-up.
- 2. Rotate heater's manual gas valve knob to the "ON" position.
- 3. Close electrical circuit.
- 4. If heater fails to light, turn off gas and wait five minutes before repeating the above procedure.

Instructions pour l'allumage

- 1. Purger la conduite d'alimentation en gaz principale.
- 2. Tourner le bouton du robinet de gaz a commande manuelle jusqu'a ce qu'il se trouve en position de marche ("ON").
- 3. Fermer le circuit electrique.
- 4. Si l'appareil de chauffage ne s'allume pas, attendre 5 minutes avant de suivre de nouveau les instructions ci-dessus.

2.17 Shutdown Instructions

- 1. Open electrical circuit.
- 2. Rotate heater's manual gas valve knob to the "OFF" position.

Pour eteindre l'appareil

- 1. Ouvrir le circuit electrique.
- 2. Tourner le bouton du robinet de gaz a commande manuelle de l'appareil de chauffage jusqu'a ce qu'il se trouve en position d'arret ("OFF").

3 THEORY OF OPERATION

3.1 ST Models

STARTING CIRCUIT (FIGURES 3.1.1 & 3.1.2)

When the two-stage thermostat signals the low-fire circuit, the fan relay is energized. When the operational static pressure is achieved the normally open pressure switch closes initiating ignition sequence. After a 7 second pre-purge, the spark electrode and gas valve are energized simultaneously. The trial for ignition is 15 seconds.

Stage two on the gas valve is powered directly from the second stage of the thermostat. The gas valve will not pass gas unless the first stage sequence of operation has been completed. The thermostat will determine which stage is required to maintain the desired comfort level.

RUNNING CIRCUIT

After ignition, the flame rod monitors the flame. As long as a flame is present, the valve is held open. If the flame is lost, the control acts to close the valve within one second, and a new trial sequence identical to that at start-up is initiated. If proof of flame is not established within the 15 second trial for ignition within the three try cycle, the unit will lock out. If lockout occurs, the control can be reset by briefly interrupting the power source.

SHUTDOWN

When the thermostat is satisfied the fan will enter into a 120 second post-purge cycle.



Figure 3.1.1



Figure 3.1.2

4 SERVICE

4.1 Maintenance

The gas fired infra-red heaters require a minimum of routine maintenance to keep them operating at peak performance.

- 1. Prior to the heating season heater operation must be verified by qualified service personnel.
- 2. Ensure that the blower impeller is kept clean. If dirt becomes a problem, installation of outside air intake ducts for combustion is recommended. Oiling the blower motor will extend bearing life beyond the 30,000 hour minimum.
- 3. Keep the aluminum reflectors from accumulating deposited material.



Use protective glasses when cleaning the heater.

4.2 GENERAL TROUBLE SHOOTING

SYMPTOM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	CORRECTIVE ACTION
Thermostat closed, fan does not operate.	 Blown fuse. Faulty thermostat. Disconnected wire. Faulty fan. 	 Replace. Replace. Repair. Replace.
Thermostat closed. Fan operates. No spark.	 Loose or disconnected wire. Box lid or gasket not in place. Plugged pressure switch lines. Plugged or restricted exhaust vent. Faulty pressure switch. Faulty circuit board. Faulty electrode. 	 Repair. as required. Put in place. Clean as necessary. Remove foreign matter. Replace only. Do not adjust. Replace circuit control. Replace.
Thermostat closed. Fan operates. Heater sparks. After 7 seconds electrode shuts off. No reignition.	 Closed gas supply. Dirty or resisted orifice. Faulty valve. Disconnected wire. Inlet pressure exceeds 14" W.C.P. Improper electrode gap. 	 Open all gas connections. Remove and clean with a soft object. Replace or repair. Lower inlet pressure. Confirm gap size is between 3/16" & 1/4".
Thermostat closed. Fan and electrode operate. Ignition occurs. Burner cycles off and will not recycle.	 No electrical ground. Faulty circuit control. Low gas pressure. Open circuit control connection. 	 Connect electrical ground to junction box. Replace. Provide required gas pressure. Repair or replace.
Thermostat closed. Fan and electrode operate. Ignition occurs. Burner cycles off. Burner cycles on.	 Low gas pressure. Baffle improperly positioned. Faulty pressure switch. Restricted flue vent. Improper electrode gap. 	 Provide required gas pressure. Reposition baffle at vent end. Replace. Remove foreign matter. Confirm gap size is between 3/16" & 1/4".
Loss of heater efficiency.	 Low gas pressure. Dirty or restricted orifice. Foreign matter inside burner. Unit cycles on and off. Reflector is sooted and has lost its reflective ability. Reflector not in place. Clogged fan blower. 	 Provide required gas pressure. Remove and clean with a soft object. Clean as necessary. Check previous symptom. Clean with aluminum cleaner and soft wiping colth. Put in place. Clean.
Radiant tube leaking burnt gases.	 Loose tube connections. Holes or cracks in radiant tubes. 	 Assure that tube is fully inserted into flared end and properly clamped. Replace.
Condensation.	 Stack length too long. Light gauge flue stack used. Contaminated combustion air. 	 Shorten stack. Minimum of 26 gauge vent pipe required. Provide fresh air inlet duct.
Tube Bowing.	 Insufficient combustion air. Overfired. Contaminated combustion air. Heater unable to expand properly. 	 Provide 2 sq. in. of free air per 5000 BTUh of input. Check gas pressure and orifice size. Provide fresh air inlet duct. Remount with flexible inlet or vent pipe.
Tube corroding.	1. Contaminated combustion air.	1. Provide fresh air inlet duct.
Visual inspection of burner operation	 Dirty or sooted sight glass. Unit mounted upside down. 	 Remove, clean or replace. Mount correctly.
Stack sooting.	 Insufficient combustion air. Improper gas. 	 Provide 1 sq. in. of free air for every 5000 BTUh of input. Correct with proper gas input.
Odor or fumes in space.	 Vaporized solvents decomposing when contacting radiant tubes. Evaporation of oils/solvents at floor levels. Lift trucks. Loose tube connections. 	 Address ventilation concerns. Address ventilation concerns. Address ventilation concerns/repairs. Tighten to 50-100 lbft.

5.1 BASIC PARTS LIST

Part No. Description	SE-61D Burner Pressure Switch	TP-62 #8 x 1/2" Machine Screw	TP-65 Heat Diffuser (Baffle)	TP-68A Strain Relief Bushing	TP-70 Control Box Gasket	HL-75 Gas Valve	TP-76 Rubber Grommet	TP-80 #6-32 x 1" Machine Screw	TP-81 #6-32 Hex Nut	TP-83 Flexible Gas Connector	TP-101 1/2" Adapter Fitting	TP-104 $1/2^{\circ} \ge 2^{\circ}$ Manifold	TP-105 Reflector End Cap (BR-ECR)	TP-106 Reflector Clip (BR-ECRC)	TP-122 Air Inlet Gasket	TP-200 Burner (50,000 to 100,000 BTU	TP-201 Burner (125,000 to 200,000 BT	SE-202 16" Burner Tube (ST-16P)	TP-208 "Z" Bracket	TP-212 $3" \ge 1/2"$ Pipe Nipple	TP-217 Pressure Barb Fitting	TP-223 Manifold	TP-550 High Volt Wire (SE-HVW)	TP-551 Circuit Control (ST-CC)	TP-552 Wiring Harness (ST-WH)	TP-553 Electrode Bracket (SE-EB)	TP-554 Electrode Gasket (SE-EG)	TP-555 Electrode (SE-E)	$\mathbf{TD} \mathbf{\mathcal{I}} \mathbf{\mathcal{I}$
Description	Control Box Cover	#8 x 1/4" Sheet Metal Screw	Control Box	Flange Gasket	1/4-20 x 1/2" Machine Screw	1/4-20 Hex Nut	Conduit Coupling	Conduit $1/2$ " x 4"	Electrode Box	Electrode Box Cover	#8 x 1/2" Self-Drilling Screw	Sight Glass Gasket	Sight Glass	Sight Glass Washer	1/4-20 x 3/8" Thread-Cutting Screw	Tube/Reflector Hanger (BR-4HGR)	Reflector Center Support (BR-4IH)	Refector (120")	Butt Clamp	10 ft. Radiant Tube Aluminized	10 ft. Radiant Tube, Straight	10 ft. Radiant Tube, Straight (AL-TI)	Control Box Bracket	1/4-20 Keps Nut	Inlet Air Orifice w/Screen	Orifice	Burner Box Divider	Fan Blower	1/4 " Atmosphere Tribe (Vinit)
Part No.	TP-1	TP-3	TP-4	TP-5	TP-7	TP-7A	TP-9	TP-10	TP-11	TP-12	TP-13	TP-14	TP-15	TP-16	TP-17	TP-19B	TP-19C	TP-20	TP-21B	TP-26	SE-26C	TP-26T	TP-31B	TP-41	TP-44	TP-46	TP-54	TP-55/N	TP-56C

NOTE: When ordering heater parts, please state the model and serial number of heater.

5.2 Optional Parts

Description Vent Can	Required For Sidewall Venting on 200.000 BTTI)	Exhaust Vent w/Flapper (Required on IInvorted Medals)	Wall Inlet Vent w/Screen	Side Wall Venting Kit (also SK4-VK)	Truck Exhaust Terminal for Side	Wall Venting	Vent Cap (Required for Dual Side	Wall Vents)	Side Shield Extension	Radiant Tube Protective Screen 60"	180° 4" Radiant Pipe	$90^{\circ} 4$ " Elbow	Gas Cock		
Item No.	0 A 1 -310	BR-VCF	BR-VC	BR-4-VK	TF-9		SK-6VC		BR-NIR	BR-PS60	BR-4UA	BR-4EA	TP-33B		



LIMITED Warranty Certificate RE-VERBER-RAY TUBE TYPE GAS INFRA-RED HEATER

Brant Radiant Heaters Limited (hereinafter referred to as the Company) warrants to the original purchaser or original user that all Brant Radiant Heaters sold by it and all parts thereof are free from defects in material and/or workmanship under a normal use and service. The Company's sole obligation under this warranty shall be limited to furnishing replacement parts, F.O.B. Paris, Ontario, for 12 months from the date of initial installation of the heater, but not to exceed 12 months from the date of shipment by the Company to original purchaser for the heater, for any parts which the Company's examination shall disclose to its satisfaction to be defective. Defective parts to be returned to the Company, transportation charges prepaid.

TWO YEAR ADDITIONAL WARRANTY ON COMBUSTION CHAMBER/ RADIANT TUBE

In addition to the above mentioned One-Year Warranty, the Company warrants to the original purchaser or original user of TUBE TYPE Gas Infra-Red Heater that it will at any time during the two years next following the expiration date of the One-Year Warranty, furnish combustion chamber / radiant tube F.O.B. Paris, Ontario, for any combustion chamber / radiant tube which is proved to the satisfaction of the Company to be inoperative due to defects in material or factory workmanship. The Company's sole obligation under the warranty shall be limited to furnishing combustion chamber radiant tube.

This two-year additional warranty covers the combustion chamber / radiant tube only.

GENERAL CONDITIONS

The warranties set out in this certificate are the exclusive remedy of the original owner or user in lieu of all other warranties written, oral and / or implied (including any warranty of merchantability or fitness for the purpose) and all other obligations and / or liabilities on the part of the Company, and the Company neither assumes nor authorizes any person to assume for it any other obligation or liability in connection with the sale, installation or use of the heater or any parts thereof.

The company will not be responsible for labour charges for the analysis of a defective condition in the heater and / or for the installation of replacement parts.

The warranties provided herein will not apply if the input of the heater exceeds the rated input, as indicated on the name plate, by more than 2%, or if the heater in the judgement of the Company has been subjected to misuse, excessive dust, negligence, accident, corrosive atmospheres, excessive thermal shock, excessive vibration, physical damage to the heater, alterations by unauthorized service, operation contrary to the Company's instructions or if the serial number has been altered, defaced or removed. The Company shall not be liable for any default and / or delay in the performance by it of these warranties caused by contingency beyond its control, including war, government restriction or restraints, strikes, fire, flood, Acts of God, short or reduced supply of raw materials, or parts.

The warranties herein shall be null and void if the heater is not installed by a competent heating contractor and / or if the heater is not installed according to Company instructions and / or if the heater is not maintained and repaired according to Company instructions.

Written permission is required for the return of any part and / or equipment and any such return must be made on the basis of transportation charges prepaid. Shipments may be refused unless prior written permission is obtained and goods returned prepaid.

This warranty applies only within Canada.

